

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees for a period of five years. Canada also co-sponsored resolutions dealing with the United Nations Children's Fund, the Declaration of Human Rights and the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs.

Through consultations behind the scenes during the seventeenth session, the Canadian Delegation effected important changes which enabled the Assembly to give unanimous approval to a resolution, drafted by India and co-sponsored by Canada and 18 other member states, regarding the proposal to designate a year of international co-operation.

With regard to the issues concerning international law, Canada took the lead in the debate on the important item dealing with the principles of international law concerning friendly relations and co-operation among states. The Canadian Delegation introduced a resolution calling for the affirmation of the rule of law and designating the United Nations Charter as the fundamental statement of principles underlying friendly relations. A compromise resolution, embodying many elements of the Canadian resolution, was adopted unanimously by the General Assembly.

Canadian Financial Contributions to the United Nations.—Canada's assessed share of the costs of United Nations peace-keeping operations in the Congo and the Middle East amounted to approximately \$4,341,000 in 1962. Canada's share of the remaining expenses of the United Nations in 1962 was 3.2 p.c. of a net budget of \$68,082,690 or some \$2,181,000. During the year, Canada contributed to other programs of the United Nations, to the Specialized Agencies, to the International Atomic Energy Agency and to the United Nations Association in Canada as follows:—

Special Programs—	\$
Expanded Program of Technical Assistance.....	2,150,000
Special Fund.....	2,350,000
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.....	290,000
United Nations Children's Fund.....	800,000
United Nations Relief and Works Agency.....	1,000,000
 Specialized Agencies—	
Food and Agriculture Organization.....	626,000
International Civil Aviation Organization.....	180,000
International Labour Organization.....	394,000
Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization.....	9,000
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.....	489,000
World Health Organization.....	712,000
Universal Postal Union.....	18,000
World Meteorological Organization.....	15,000
International Telecommunication Union.....	126,000
 Others—	
International Atomic Energy Agency.....	219,000
United Nations Association in Canada.....	12,000
Total.....	<u>9,390,000</u>

Specialized Agencies.—Canada is a member of each of the 12 Specialized Agencies of the United Nations. These Agencies are bodies with wide international responsibilities established by intergovernmental agreement, which act in relationship with the United Nations in order to carry out the terms of the Charter. Co-ordination of the activities of the Specialized Agencies is promoted by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination established by the Economic and Social Council. Canada is also a member of the International Atomic Energy Agency which, while not a Specialized Agency, plans its activities with them and co-operates in its work with the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination.

Food and Agriculture Organization.—The Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) came into being in 1945, the first Conference being held in that year in Quebec City. The objectives of the Organization are to raise the levels of nutrition and living standards of its members and to improve the techniques of the production and distribution of food